



... asymmetric hydroalkynylation of enamides occur regioselectively at the  $\beta$  position of an enamide. In their Communication on page 9007 ff., B.-J. Li and co-workers report a method for the straightforward synthesis of chiral homopropargyl amides with a stereocenter  $\beta$  to the amide. As illustrated in the cover image, enamide and alkyne undergo rapid union to form a chiral product.

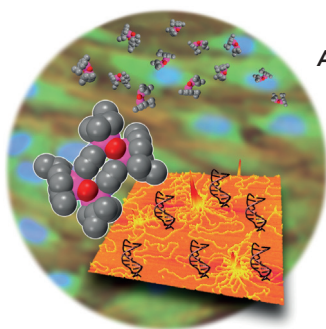
#### Photocatalysis

Using  $\text{Cu}_2\text{O}$  as a dark cathode, J. Gong and co-workers show in their Communication on page 8840 ff., that it can preferentially reduce  $\text{CO}_2$  to fuels while suppressing the hydrogen evolution reaction.



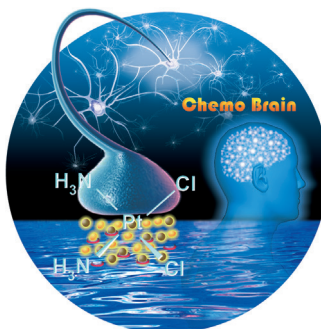
#### Anticancer Complexes

In their Communication on page 8909 ff., P. J. Sadler and co-workers describe two tetranuclear organometallic  $\text{Os}^{\text{II}}$  complexes that show significant differences in cytotoxicity against cancer cells and behavior towards DNA condensation.



#### Amperometry

Amperometry and intracellular electrochemical cytometry are used by A. G. Ewing et al. in their Communication on page 9041 ff., to show that low concentrations of cisplatin stimulate catecholamine release, whereas high concentrations inhibit it.



#### How to contact us:

##### Editorial Office:

E-mail: [angewandte@wiley-vch.de](mailto:angewandte@wiley-vch.de)

Fax: (+49) 62 01-606-331

Telephone: (+49) 62 01-606-315

##### Reprints, E-Prints, Posters, Calendars:

Carmen Leitner

E-mail: [chem-reprints@wiley-vch.de](mailto:chem-reprints@wiley-vch.de)

Fax: (+49) 62 01-606-331

Telephone: (+49) 62 01-606-327

##### Copyright Permission:

Bettina Loycke

E-mail: [rights-and-licences@wiley-vch.de](mailto:rights-and-licences@wiley-vch.de)

Fax: (+49) 62 01-606-332

Telephone: (+49) 62 01-606-280

##### Online Open:

Margitta Schmitt

E-mail: [angewandte@wiley-vch.de](mailto:angewandte@wiley-vch.de)

Fax: (+49) 62 01-606-331

Telephone: (+49) 62 01-606-315

##### Subscriptions:

[www.wileycustomerhelp.com](http://www.wileycustomerhelp.com)

Fax: (+49) 62 01-606-184

Telephone: 0800 1800536 (Germany only)  
+44(0) 1865476721 (all other countries)

##### Advertising:

Marion Schulz

E-mail: [mschulz@wiley-vch.de](mailto:mschulz@wiley-vch.de)

Fax: (+49) 62 01-606-550

Telephone: (+49) 62 01-606-565

##### Courier Services:

Boschstrasse 12, 69469 Weinheim

##### Regular Mail:

Postfach 101161, 69451 Weinheim

Angewandte Chemie International Edition is a journal of the Gesellschaft Deutscher Chemiker (GDCh), the largest chemistry-related scientific society in continental Europe. Information on the various activities and services of the GDCh, for example, cheaper subscription to *Angewandte Chemie International Edition*, as well as applications for membership can be found at [www.gdch.de](http://www.gdch.de) or can be requested from GDCh, Postfach 900440, D-60444 Frankfurt am Main, Germany.

GDCh

GESELLSCHAFT  
DEUTSCHER CHEMIKER

Get the **Angewandte App**  
International Edition



Enjoy Easy Browsing and a New Reading Experience on Your Smartphone or Tablet

- Keep up to date with the latest articles in Early View.
- Download new weekly issues automatically when they are published.
- Read new or favorite articles anytime, anywhere.



## Service

Spotlight on Angewandte's Sister Journals

8790 – 8793

## Author Profile



*"When I was eighteen I wanted to be a professional cricketer.  
My favorite drink is cup of tea (how very British!) ..."*  
This and more about Russell Morris can be found on page 8794.

Russell Morris — 8794

## Books

Organic Synthesis Using Biocatalysis

Jon Stewart, Animesh Goswami

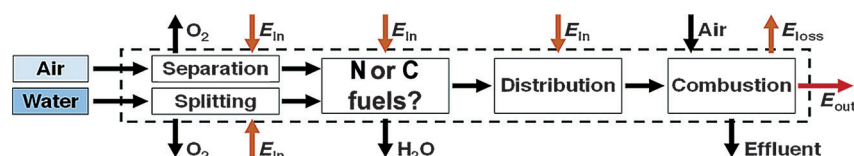
reviewed by N. J. Turner\* — 8795

## Essays

### Alternative Fuels

A. Grinberg Dana, O. Elishav, A. Bardow,  
G. E. Shter, G. S. Grader\* — 8798 – 8805

Nitrogen-Based Fuels: A Power-to-Fuel-to-Power Analysis



**What are the fuels of the future?** Seven representative carbon- and nitrogen-based fuels are evaluated on an energy basis in a power-to-fuel-to-power analysis as possible future chemical hydrogen-storage media. It is intriguing to consider

that a nitrogen economy, where hydrogen obtained from water splitting is chemically stored on abundant nitrogen in the form of a nontoxic and safe nitrogen-based alternative fuel, is energetically feasible.

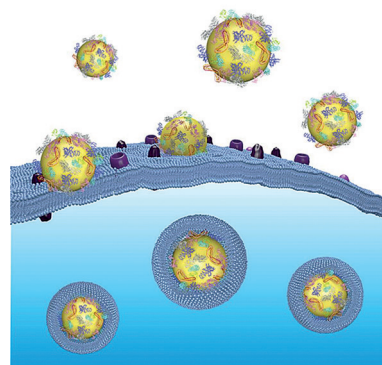
## Minireviews

## Drug Delivery

S. Schöttler, K. Landfester,\*  
V. Mailänder ————— 8806–8815

Controlling the Stealth Effect of  
Nanocarriers through Understanding the  
Protein Corona

**Stealth shield:** The use of nanocarriers in medical applications is complicated by the formation of a protein corona on the nanocarrier surface. This can influence interaction with cell membranes, and makes it difficult to predict cellular interactions, biodistribution, and toxicity. This Minireview provides an overview of what we know about the protein corona of nanocarriers, with a focus on surface functionalization to reduce unspecific uptake—termed the stealth effect.



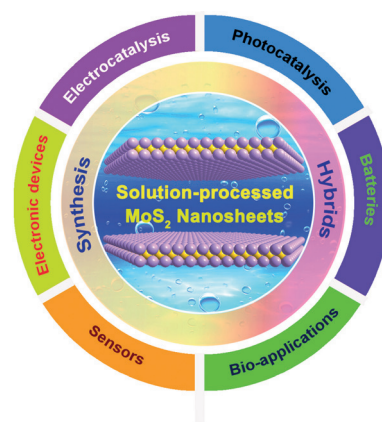
## Reviews

## 2D Nanomaterials

X. Zhang, Z. C. Lai, C. L. Tan,  
H. Zhang\* ————— 8816–8838

Solution-Processed Two-Dimensional  
MoS<sub>2</sub> Nanosheets: Preparation,  
Hybridization, and Applications

**Sheets ahead:** Solution-based methods offer an effective route for the preparation of MoS<sub>2</sub> nanosheets. With the an emphasis on applications, the synthetic strategies and methods for functionalization and hybridization are discussed.



## Communications



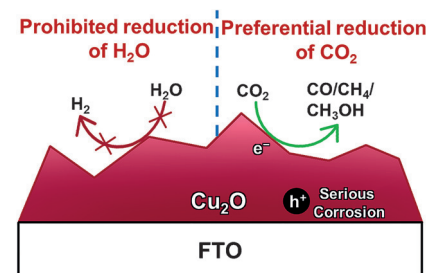
## Photocatalysis

X. Chang, T. Wang, P. Zhang, Y. Wei,  
J. Zhao, J. Gong\* ————— 8840–8845



Stable Aqueous Photoelectrochemical  
CO<sub>2</sub> Reduction by a Cu<sub>2</sub>O Dark Cathode  
with Improved Selectivity for  
Carbonaceous Products

**Copper on the dark side:** Cu<sub>2</sub>O preferentially reduced CO<sub>2</sub> to fuels while suppressing hydrogen evolution. It was found that the photogenerated holes primarily account for the instability of Cu<sub>2</sub>O. The Cu<sub>2</sub>O was used as a dark cathode to minimize the adverse effects of holes, achieving excellent stability and a selectivity of 92.6% for carbonaceous products in CO<sub>2</sub> photoreduction.



## Frontispiece

## For the USA and Canada:

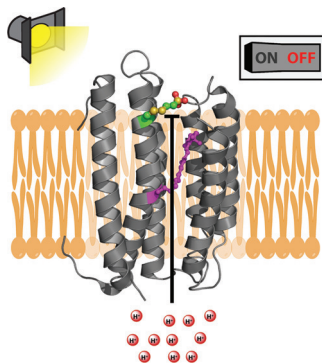
ANGEWANDTE CHEMIE International  
Edition (ISSN 1433-7851) is published weekly  
by Wiley-VCH, PO Box 101161, 69451 Wein-  
heim, Germany. US mailing agent: SPP, PO Box  
437, Emigsville, PA 17318. Periodicals postage

paid at Emigsville, PA. US POSTMASTER: send  
address changes to *Angewandte Chemie*, John  
Wiley & Sons Inc., C/O The Sheridan Press, PO  
Box 465, Hanover, PA 17331. Annual subscrip-  
tion price for institutions: US\$ 16.862/14.051  
(valid for print and electronic / print or

electronic delivery); for individuals who are  
personal members of a national chemical  
society prices are available on request. Postage  
and handling charges included. All prices are  
subject to local VAT/sales tax.



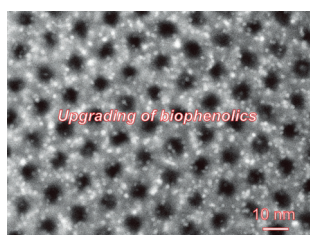
**A chemical switch:** Light-driven proton pumps like proteorhodopsin (PR; gray structure with retinal cofactor in magenta) are excellent candidates for efficient energy conversion. The versatility of PR was extended by means of an on/off switch based on reversible chemical modification of a site-specifically introduced cysteine residue. Chemical modification of this residue (green/yellow/red) blocks the channel and abolishes proton pumping under illumination.



### Synthetic Biology

D. Harder, S. Hirschi, Z. Ucurum, R. Goers, W. Meier, D. J. Müller, D. Fotiadis\* **8846–8849**

Engineering a Chemical Switch into the Light-driven Proton Pump Proteorhodopsin by Cysteine Mutagenesis and Thiol Modification

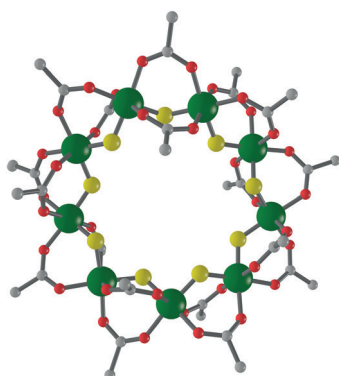


**The phenol cut:** A novel method allows the synthesis of bimetallic PtCo nanoparticles (ca. 1.5 nm) which are highly dispersed in the framework of nitrogen-doped ordered mesoporous carbon (NOMC). The resulting PtCo-NOMC shows high catalytic activity for hydrodeoxygenation of phenolic compounds and “real-world” biomass-derived phenolic streams.

### Heterogeneous Catalysis

G.-H. Wang, Z. Cao, D. Gu, N. Pfänder, A.-C. Swertz, B. Spliethoff, H.-J. Bongard, C. Weidenthaler, W. Schmidt, R. Rinaldi, F. Schüth\* **8850–8855**

Nitrogen-Doped Ordered Mesoporous Carbon Supported Bimetallic PtCo Nanoparticles for Upgrading of Biophenolics

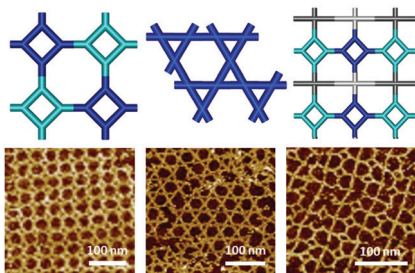


**Spin frustration:** The first homometallic wheel compound containing an odd number of metal centers and an odd number of electrons has been synthesized. The extent of spin frustration in the ring has been characterized spectroscopically, showing a near perfect frustrated ground state from a sterically undemanding chemical structure.

### Molecular Magnetism

R. J. Woolfson, G. A. Timco, A. Chiesa, I. J. Vitorica-Yrezabal, F. Tuna, T. Guidi, E. Pavarini, P. Santini, S. Carretta, R. E. P. Winpenny\* **8856–8859**

[CrF(O<sub>2</sub>C<sup>t</sup>Bu)<sub>2</sub>]<sub>9</sub>: Synthesis and Characterization of a Regular Homometallic Ring with an Odd Number of Metal Centers and Electrons



**Tiny tiling:** Two novel Archimedean tiling patterns, (4.8.8) and (3.6.3.6), and one pattern with higher-order structures beyond the complexity observed in Archimedean tiling were achieved through the self-assembly of DNA tiles. Such complicated DNA structures expand the complexity boundaries of DNA tile-based tessellation.

### DNA Nanotechnology

F. Zhang,\* S. Jiang, W. Li, A. Hunt, Y. Liu,\* H. Yan\* **8860–8863**

Self-Assembly of Complex DNA Tessellations by Using Low-Symmetry Multi-arm DNA Tiles



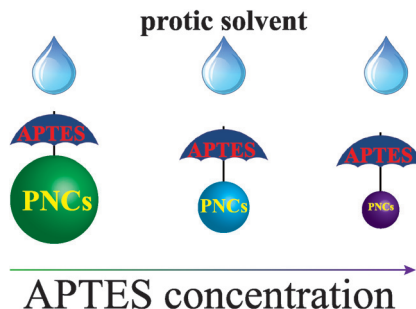


## Perovskite Stability

B. Luo, Y.-C. Pu, S. A. Lindley, Y. Yang,  
L. Lu, Y. Li, X. Li,\*  
J. Z. Zhang\* ————— 8864–8868



Organolead Halide Perovskite  
Nanocrystals: Branched Capping Ligands  
Control Crystal Size and Stability



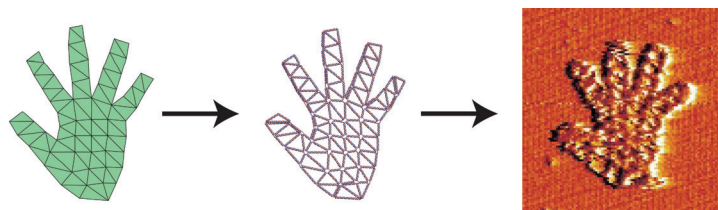
**Perovskite nanocrystals:** Various sized perovskite nanocrystals (PNCs) with high photoluminescence quantum yield and uniformity have been synthesized using branched ligands (APTES). APTES-capped PNCs show high stability in protic solvents because the steric and hydrolysis properties of APTES prevent protic reactions with the core of PNCs.

## DNA Nanotechnology

E. Benson, A. Mohammed, A. Bosco,  
A. I. Teixeira, P. Orponen,  
B. Högberg\* ————— 8869–8872



Computer-Aided Production of Scaffolded  
DNA Nanostructures from Flat Sheet  
Meshes



**Flat-sheet DNA nanostructures:** Using algorithmic tools, DNA nanostructures were designed from 2D meshes with varying internal geometries. Using this method, structures with complex internal

and external features were prepared that self-assemble under physiological salt concentrations and have larger surface areas compared to classic DNA origami flat-sheet designs.

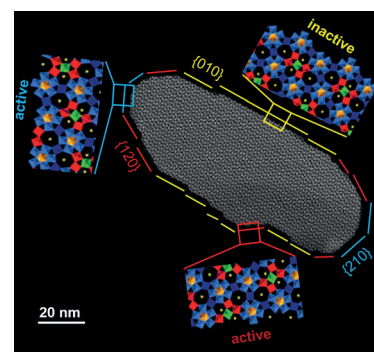
## Heterogeneous Catalysis

D. Melzer, P. Xu, D. Hartmann, Y. Zhu,  
N. D. Browning,\* M. Sanchez-Sanchez,\*  
J. A. Lercher\* ————— 8873–8877



Atomic-Scale Determination of Active  
Facets on the MoVTenb Oxide M1 Phase  
and Their Intrinsic Catalytic Activity for  
Ethane Oxidative Dehydrogenation

**Surface structures:** High-angle annular dark-field scanning transmission electron microscopy analysis provided an atomic level description of the termination of M1 phase crystals of MoVTenbOx catalysts. The statistical analysis of electron microscopy images combined with reaction kinetics allowed identification of those crystalline facets active in ethane oxidative dehydrogenation.

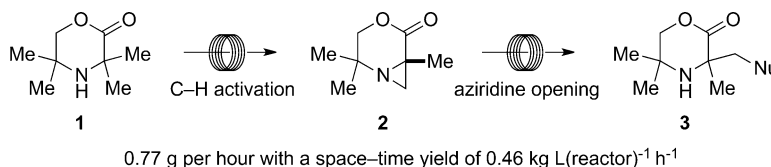


## Inside Cover

## Flow Reactions



J. Zakrzewski, A. P. Smalley,  
M. A. Kabeshov, M. J. Gaunt,\*  
A. A. Lapkin\* ————— 8878–8883

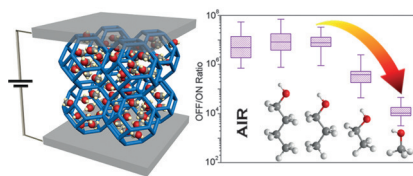


Continuous-Flow Synthesis and  
Derivatization of Aziridines through  
Palladium-Catalyzed C(sp<sup>3</sup>)-H Activation

**Keep up with the flow!** A predictive mechanistic model was developed and used to design a flow process for C-H activation. The resulting continuous-flow synthesis of aziridines through palladium-catalyzed C(sp<sup>3</sup>)-H activation was com-

bined with ring opening of the aziridine in flow to give highly functionalized aliphatic amines in a consecutive process involving the capture and release of the aziridine intermediate (see scheme).

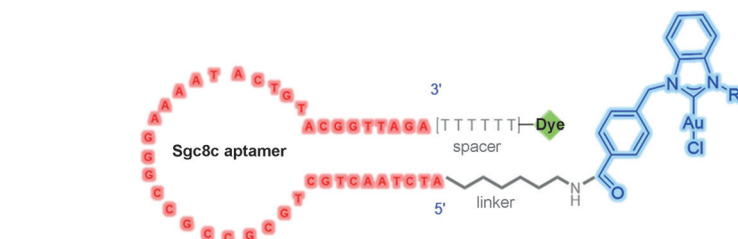
**A MOF never forgets:** Alcohol-mediated memory devices with reliable resistance-switching properties were realized in metal–organic framework (MOF) films. The memory behavior can be controlled by the intermolecular interactions among the guest molecules adsorbed in MOF crystals to achieve multilevel information storage.



## Molecular Devices

Y. Liu, H. Wang, W. Shi, W. Zhang, J. Yu, B. K. Chandran, C. Cui, B. Zhu, Z. Liu, B. Li, C. Xu, Z. Xu, S. Li, W. Huang, F. Huo,\* X. Chen\* — 8884–8888

Alcohol-Mediated Resistance-Switching Behavior in Metal–Organic Framework-Based Electronic Devices



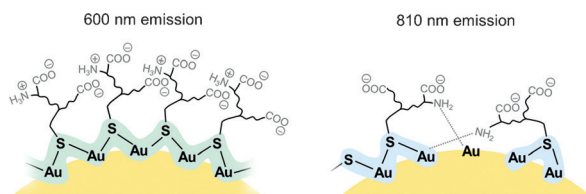
**Apt to enter cancer cells:** N-Heterocyclic carbene (NHC)–gold(I) complexes were conjugated to the CCRF-CEM leukemia-specific aptamer sgc8c as a strategy for the selective targeting of cancer cells. Cell-viability assays in combination with other

techniques indicated that the NHC–Au<sup>I</sup>–aptamer conjugate (see structure) was more cytotoxic than the NHC–gold complex alone and targeted CCRF-CEM leukemia cells selectively.

## Drug Bioconjugates

W. Niu, X. Chen, W. Tan, A. S. Veige\* — 8889–8893

N-Heterocyclic Carbene–Gold(I) Complexes Conjugated to a Leukemia-Specific DNA Aptamer for Targeted Drug Delivery



**Size-independent emission** has been widely observed for ultrasmall thiolated gold nanoparticles (AuNPs). Herein, the emission wavelength of thiolated AuNPs is found to depend on the surface cover-

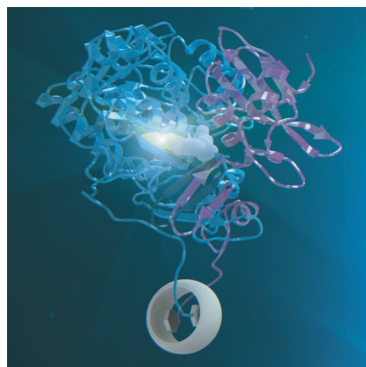
age and local binding geometry of the thiolate ligands (glutathione) on the AuNP; AuNPs with different surface coverages emit at different wavelengths in spite of their identical size (ca. 2.5 nm).

## Nanoparticles

J. B. Liu, P. N. Duchesne, M. X. Yu, X. Y. Jiang, X. H. Ning, R. D. Vinluan, III, P. Zhang, J. Zheng\* — 8894–8898

Luminescent Gold Nanoparticles with Size-Independent Emission

**Cucurbit[8]uril-based** supramolecular complementation of split-luciferase allows exact control over the level of enzyme activity with a maximum 20-fold activity enhancement. Competitive small-molecule cucurbit[8]uril binders allow the underlying binding characteristics to be elucidated and a system featuring switchable enzyme activity to be developed.



## Supramolecular Chemistry

R. P. G. Bosmans, J. M. Briels, L.-G. Milroy, T. F. A. de Greef, M. Merkx, L. Brunsvelde\* — 8899–8903

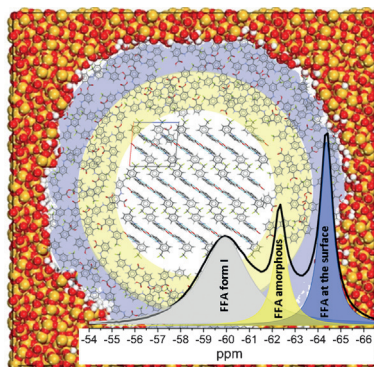
Supramolecular Control over Split-Luciferase Complementation

## Solid-State NMR Spectroscopy

K. P. Nartowski, D. Malhotra,  
L. E. Hawarden, J. Sibik, D. Iuga,  
J. A. Zeitler, L. Fábíán,  
Y. Z. Khimyak\* — 8904–8908



<sup>19</sup>F NMR Spectroscopy as a Highly Sensitive Method for the Direct Monitoring of Confined Crystallization within Nanoporous Materials



**Detailed mechanistic insight** into the crystallization of flufenamic acid (FFA) in the confined environment of mesoporous silica materials with different pore diameters (3.2–29 nm) was obtained by <sup>19</sup>F magic-angle-spinning NMR spectroscopy. This approach provided direct experimental evidence for the formation of a molecular-liquid-like layer besides crystalline confined FFA form I.

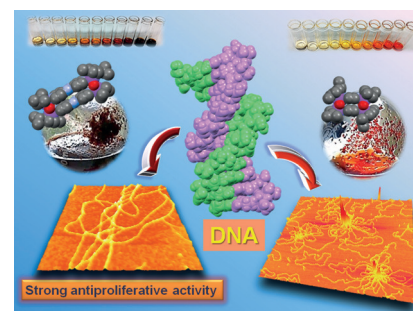
## Anticancer Complexes

Y. Fu, M. J. Romero, L. Salassa, X. Cheng,  
A. Habtemariam, G. J. Clarkson, I. Prokes,  
A. Rodger, G. Costantini,  
P. J. Sadler\* — 8909–8912



Os<sub>2</sub>–Os<sub>4</sub> Switch Controls DNA Knotting and Anticancer Activity

**DNA and osmium tie the knot:** Two Os<sup>II</sup> tetranuclear metallacycle frameworks constructed by linking inactive dihydroxido arene dimers show significant differences in cytotoxicity against cancer cells and behavior toward DNA condensation.



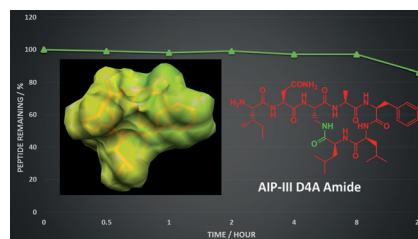
## Inside Back Cover

## Quorum Sensing

Y. Tal-Gan, M. Ivancic, G. Cornilescu,  
T. Yang, H. E. Blackwell\* — 8913–8917



Highly Stable, Amide-Bridged Autoinducing Peptide Analogues that Strongly Inhibit the AgrC Quorum Sensing Receptor in *Staphylococcus aureus*



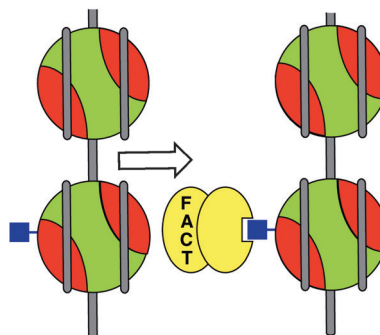
**Strong words:** Lactam analogues of peptidic quorum sensing inhibitors in *Staphylococcus aureus* have significantly enhanced physical properties, whilst maintaining their strong biological activities. Structural analyses reveal that they adopt conformations similar to their thioester precursors, and corroborate their activities in cell-based assays for AgrC-type receptor modulation.

## Protein Modifications

R. Raj, L. Lercher, S. Mohammed,  
B. G. Davis\* — 8918–8922



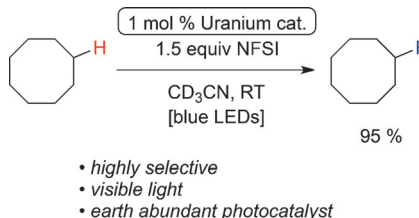
Synthetic Nucleosomes Reveal that GlcNAcylation Modulates Direct Interaction with the FACT Complex



**Tag and modify:** Precise chemical synthesis of a histone glycoprotein and its use in the construction of an entire synthetic GlcNAcylated nucleosome as a fragment of model chromatin has allowed direct interaction with the central FACT complex to be detected. In the picture, the O-GlcNAc (O-linked β-N-acetylglucosamine) residue is shown as a blue square, and the nucleosome is shown as a red/green/gray unit.



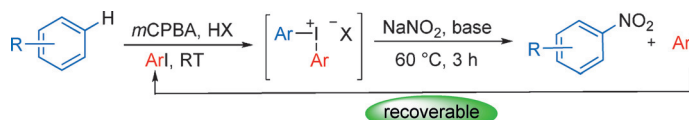
**U can do it:** The uranyl cation ( $\text{UO}_2^{2+}$ ) is able to effect the catalytic fluorination of unactivated  $\text{C}(\text{sp}^3)\text{--H}$  bonds under visible-light irradiation. Uranyl nitrate is highlighted as a convenient molecular  $\text{C--H}$  abstraction catalyst, which exhibits selectivity that is distinct from previously reported catalytic systems. NFSI: *N*-fluorobenzenesulfonimide.



### $\text{C}(\text{sp}^3)\text{--H}$ Fluorination

J. G. West, T. A. Bedell,  
E. J. Sorensen\* 8923 – 8927

The Uranyl Cation as a Visible-Light Photocatalyst for  $\text{C}(\text{sp}^3)\text{--H}$  Fluorination



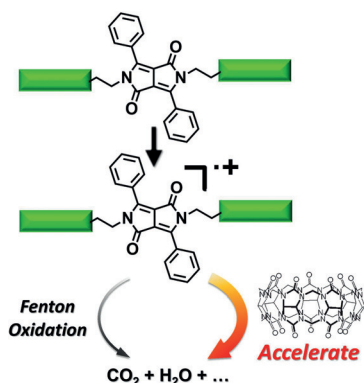
**Without a trace:** Nitroarenes are obtained in a sequential one-pot reaction from arenes via diaryliodonium intermediates. Aryl azides can also be synthesized with this novel approach, where iodine(III) reagents with two carbon ligands are

formed in situ from iodine(I), and subsequently reacted with nucleophiles. The presented one-pot method is an important step towards catalytic reactions with these hypervalent iodine reagents. *mCPBA* = *m*-chloroperbenzoic acid.

### Hypervalent Compounds

M. Reitti, P. Villo,  
B. Olofsson\* 8928 – 8932

One-Pot  $\text{C--H}$  Functionalization of Arenes by Diaryliodonium Salts



**Acceleration to dye for:** In the Fenton oxidation of a 1,4-diketopyrrolo[3,4-*c*]pyrrole dye (see scheme), the key electron-deficient radical-cation intermediate was activated by host–guest interactions with electrostatically negative cucurbit[7]uril. A drastic decrease in the apparent activation energy of the transformation, and thus a remarkable improvement in the reaction rate, was observed upon the formation of the supramolecular complex.

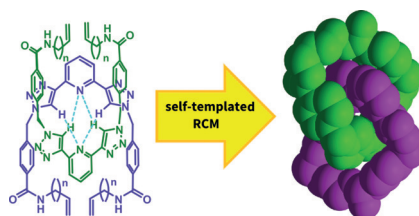
### Radical Reactions

Y. Jiao, W.-L. Li, J.-F. Xu, G. Wang, J. Li,  
Z. Wang, X. Zhang\* 8933 – 8937

A Supramolecularly Activated Radical Cation for Accelerated Catalytic Oxidation



**Captured and put in chains:** Olefin-appended 2,6-bis(1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)pyridine compounds were able to self-template [2]catenane formation by ring-closing metathesis in up to 50% yield (see scheme). When screened against a range of ions, the [2]catenanes acted as selective hosts for the tetrahedral phosphate anion, which was bound through triazolyl hydrogen-bonding interactions.



### Interlocked Molecules

J. P. Byrne,\* S. Blasco, A. B. Aletti,  
G. Hessman,  
T. Gunnlaugsson\* 8938 – 8943

Formation of Self-Templated 2,6-Bis(1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)pyridine [2]Catenanes by Triazolyl Hydrogen Bonding: Selective Anion Hosts for Phosphate

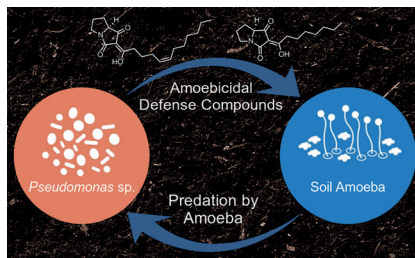


## Natural Products

M. Klapper, S. Götze, R. Barnett,  
K. Willing, P. Stallforth\* — 8944–8947



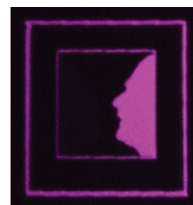
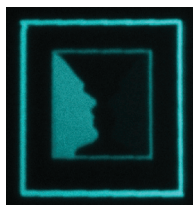
Bacterial Alkaloids Prevent Amoebal  
Predation



**You eat me, I kill you:** A set of bacterial pyrrolizidine alkaloids (pyreudiones A–D) were discovered that protect the producer, *Pseudomonas fluorescens* HKI0770, against amoebal predation. Isolation, structure elucidation, total synthesis, a proposed biosynthetic pathway for these structures, and gene-deletion experiments are presented.

## Caged Biomolecules

M. A. H. Fichte, X. M. M. Weyel, S. Junek,  
F. Schäfer, C. Herbivo, M. Goeldner,  
A. Specht, J. Wachtveitl,  
A. Heckel\* — 8948–8952



Three-Dimensional Control of DNA  
Hybridization by Orthogonal Two-Color  
Two-Photon Uncaging

**Now also in 3D!** Oligonucleotides with different sequences could be photoactivated with exact three-dimensional control when different two-photon-sensitive photolabile groups were introduced into the strands. Uncaging was visualized by

fluorescence as a result of double-strand displacement. By using distinct irradiation conditions, either one of two sequences could be addressed selectively (see left-hand images, which are overlaid on the right).

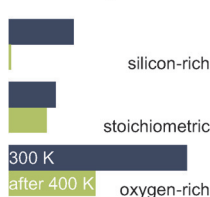
## Hydrogenation Catalysis

A. S. Crampton, M. D. Rötzer,  
F. F. Schweinberger, B. Yoon,  
U. Landman,\* U. Heiz\* — 8953–8957

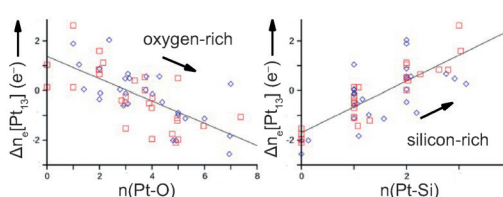


Controlling Ethylene Hydrogenation  
Reactivity on Pt<sub>13</sub> Clusters by Varying the  
Stoichiometry of the Amorphous Silica  
Support

Turnover frequencies



Electron excess/depletion vs. number of cluster Si/O bonds



**Precise control** of thin-film stoichiometry, and application of such films as heterogeneous catalyst supports, enables the investigation of their effect on catalytic reactivity. With the application of a single cluster size as catalyst (Pt<sub>13</sub>), the decon-

volution of individual characteristics imparted by each stoichiometrically unique film is attainable through calculations, and the subsequent influence on a model hydrocarbon reaction is elucidated.

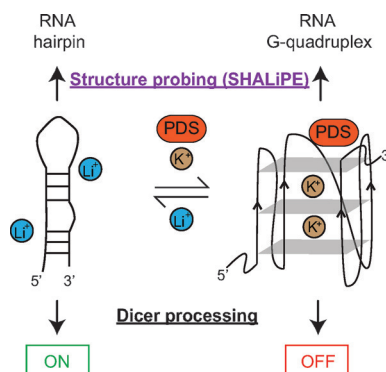
## G-Quadruplexes



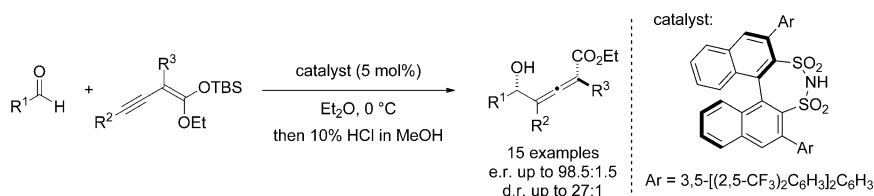
C. K. Kwok, A. B. Sahakyan,  
S. Balasubramanian\* — 8958–8961



Structural Analysis using SHALiPE to  
Reveal RNA G-Quadruplex Formation in  
Human Precursor MicroRNA



**Chemical probing of RNA G-quadruplexes:** A novel strategy, SHALiPE, is used to structurally probe and characterize RNA G-quadruplexes (rG4s) at single-nucleotide resolution. Application of this new method on the human precursor microRNA (pre-miRNA) 149 under Li<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>, and K<sup>+</sup> + pyridostatin (PDS) conditions reveals rG4 structure formation, which inhibits in vitro Dicer processing.



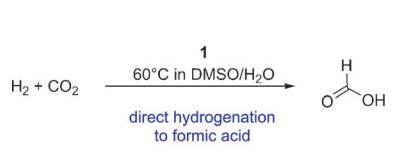
**A lean machine:** A chiral disulfonimide was designed as a catalyst for an alkynyl-ous Mukaiyama aldol reaction (see scheme). A broad range of aldehydes and diverse alkynyl-substituted ketene acetals underwent the transformation to deliver

chiral allenoates in high yield with excellent regio-, diastereo-, and enantioselectivity. The products can be readily derivatized to furnish highly substituted enantiomerically enriched building blocks.

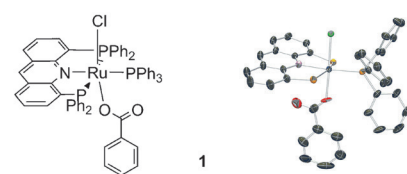
## Organocatalysis

A. Tap, A. Blond, V. N. Wakchaure, B. List\* — 8962 – 8965

Chiral Allenes via Alkynylogous Mukaiyama Aldol Reaction



**Stable environment:** The direct hydrogenation of CO<sub>2</sub> into formic acid without the need for amine bases as a product stabilizer is described. Complex **1** shows high catalytic productivity and activity. The



dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO)/H<sub>2</sub>O medium is capable of stabilizing the reaction product thermodynamically, which was rationalized by DFT calculations.

## Reduction

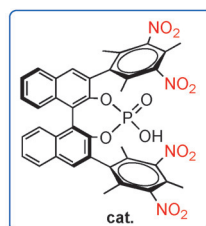
K. Rohmann, J. Kothe, M. W. Haenel, U. Englert, M. Hölscher, W. Leitner\* — 8966 – 8969

Hydrogenation of CO<sub>2</sub> to Formic Acid with a Highly Active Ruthenium Acridophos Complex in DMSO and DMSO/Water



**A selection of M&M's:** 2,4,6-trimethyl-3,5-dinitrophenyl substituents were introduced into the 3,3'-positions of BINOL-derived chiral phosphoric acids. The resulting catalysts exhibit excellent enan-

tiostereoselectivity and good diastereoselectivity in asymmetric Mukaiyama-Mannich reactions of imines with a wide range of ketene silyl acetals.



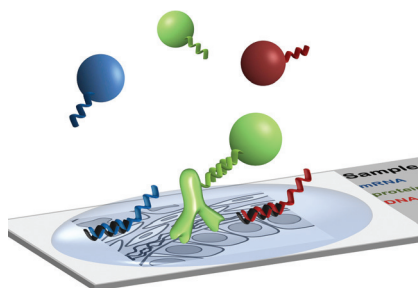
## Asymmetric Catalysis

F. Zhou,\* H. Yamamoto\* — 8970 – 8974

A Powerful Chiral Phosphoric Acid Catalyst for Enantioselective Mukaiyama-Mannich Reactions



**Now you see it:** DNA encoding chemistry combined with multiplexed imaging enables simultaneous in situ interrogation of a panel of selected DNA, RNA, and/or protein markers (red, blue, and green probes, respectively) in single cells by bringing different target types onto the same detection platform. In a proof-of-concept study with multicolor quantum dot probes, DNA encoding was used to explore the spatial and temporal aspects of cell transfection and RNAi.



## Imaging

P. Zrazhevskiy, S. Akilesh, W. Tai, K. Queitsch, L. D. True, J. Fromm, D. Wu, P. Nelson, J. A. Stamatoyannopoulos, X. Gao\* — 8975 – 8978

Cross-Platform DNA Encoding for Single-Cell Imaging of Gene Expression



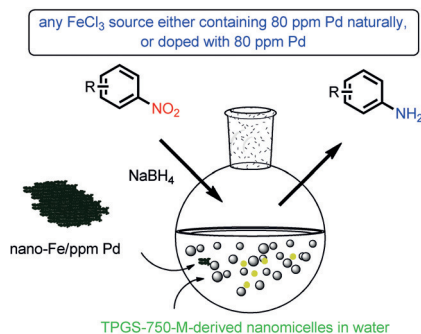


## Green Chemistry

J. Feng, S. Handa,\* F. Gallou,  
B. H. Lipshutz\* ————— 8979–8983



Safe and Selective Nitro Group  
Reductions Catalyzed by Sustainable and  
Recyclable Fe/ppm Pd Nanoparticles in  
Water at Room Temperature



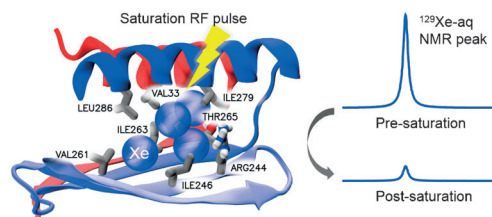
**By design:** As a result of a unique synergy between ligand-free Fe/ppm Pd nanoparticles and PEG-containing designer surfactants, a facile and selective reduction of nitro-containing (hetero)aromatics by  $\text{NaBH}_4$  can be effected in water at room temperature. The process offers a general, environmentally responsible, and notably safe approach to highly valued reductions of nitro-containing compounds.

## Molecular Imaging

Y. Wang, B. W. Roose, E. J. Palovcak,  
V. Carnevale,  
I. J. Dmochowski\* ————— 8984–8987



A Genetically Encoded  $\beta$ -Lactamase  
Reporter for Ultrasensitive  $^{129}\text{Xe}$  NMR in  
Mammalian Cells



**Xenon-assisted MRI:** TEM-1  $\beta$ -lactamase (bla) is a single-protein reporter for hyperpolarized  $^{129}\text{Xe}$  NMR, with significant saturation contrast. Xenon chemical exchange saturation transfer interactions

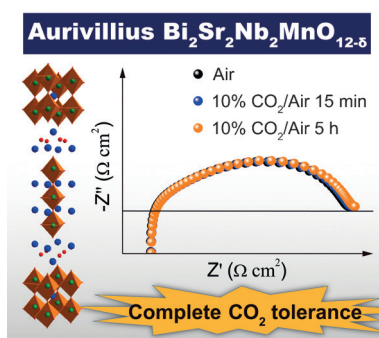
with an allosteric site in bla give rise to a unique saturation peak at 255 ppm, well removed from the  $^{129}\text{Xe}$ - $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  peak, and allowed bla to be detected in bacterial and mammalian cells.

## Electrochemistry

Y. L. Zhu, W. Zhou,\* Y. B. Chen,  
Z. P. Shao\* ————— 8988–8993



An Aurivillius Oxide Based Cathode with  
Excellent  $\text{CO}_2$  Tolerance for Intermediate-  
Temperature Solid Oxide Fuel Cells



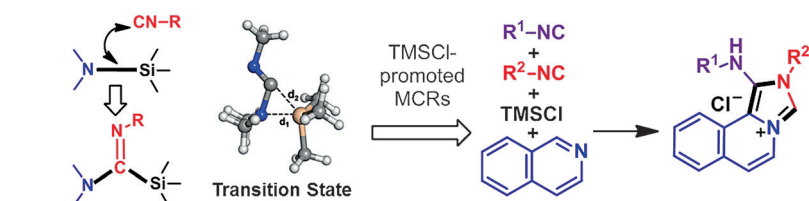
**The Aurivillius oxide  $\text{Bi}_2\text{Sr}_2\text{Nb}_2\text{MnO}_{12-\delta}$**  is a highly promising cathode material with excellent  $\text{CO}_2$  tolerance for intermediate-temperature solid oxide fuel cells. This cathode not only shows high activity in the oxygen reduction reaction, but also exhibits a very low thermal expansion coefficient, excellent structural stability, and good chemical compatibility with the electrolyte.

## Multicomponent Reactions

K. G. Kishore, O. Ghashghaei,  
C. Estarellas, M. M. Mestre, C. Monturiol,  
N. Kiehl, J. M. Kelly, A. F. Francisco,  
S. Jayawardhana, D. Muñoz-Torrero,  
B. Pérez, F. J. Luque,  
R. Gámez-Montaña,\*  
R. Lavilla\* ————— 8994–8998



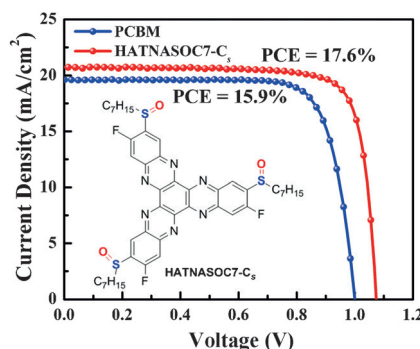
Insertion of Isocyanides into N–Si Bonds:  
Multicomponent Reactions with Azines  
Leading to Potent Antiparasitic  
Compounds



**Insert here!** Multicomponent reactions (MCRs) with isoquinolines and other azines that proceed through the insertion of an isocyanide into a N–Si bond are described. This novel activation mode enables a variety of transformations to

take place with high selectivity under mild reaction conditions. Some of the products showed in vitro activity against the causative agents of trypanosomiasis. TMS = trimethylsilyl.

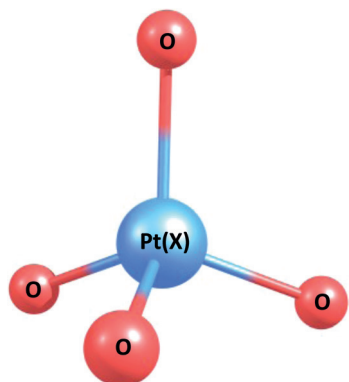
**Only sulfur has the answer:** Fine tuning of the energy levels and solution processability of hexaazatrinaphthylene (HATNA) derivatives is achieved by introducing alkylsulfanyl chains of various chain lengths and with different sulfur oxidation states. Perovskite solar cells employing these HATNA derivatives as electron-transporting materials exhibited excellent performances, with power conversion efficiencies (PCE) up to 17.6%.



### Perovskite Solar Cells

D. Zhao, Z. Zhu, M.-Y. Kuo, C.-C. Chueh, A. K.-Y. Jen\* — 8999 – 9003

Hexaazatrinaphthylene Derivatives: Efficient Electron-Transporting Materials with Tunable Energy Levels for Inverted Perovskite Solar Cells

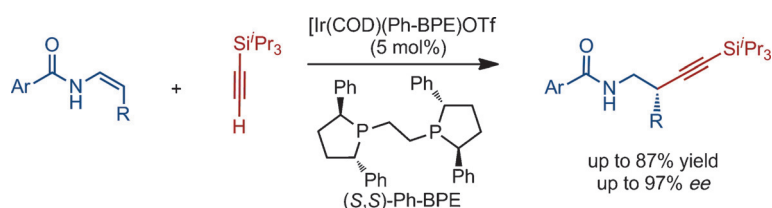


**An existential conundrum:** The stability of transition-metal compounds with a metal formal oxidation state of 10 was determined with Kohn–Sham density functional theory, and  $\text{PtO}_4^{2+}$  was found to be stable.  $\text{PtO}_4^{2+}$  reveals a similar electron density but a larger partial atomic charge on the metal when compared to  $\text{IrO}_4^+$ , for which the highest oxidation state of 9 was previously found.

### Inorganic Chemistry

H. S. Yu, D. G. Truhlar\* — 9004 – 9006

Oxidation State 10 Exists



**Jockeying into position:** The title reaction proceeds regioselectively with reaction at the  $\beta$ -position of an enamide, thus delivering homopropargyl amides. Good to high enantioselectivities were observed with an iridium complex ligated by the

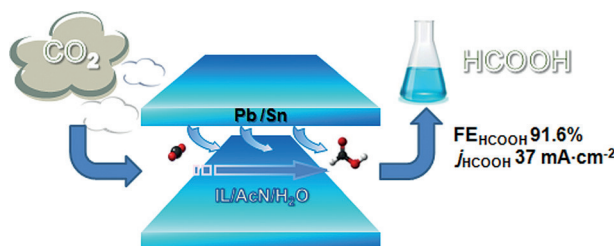
Ph-BPE ligand. This method provides a straightforward route to the synthesis of chiral homopropargyl amides with a stereocenter  $\beta$  to the amide. cod = 1,5-cyclooctadiene, Tf = trifluoromethanesulfonyl.

### Asymmetric Catalysis

X.-Y. Bai, Z.-X. Wang, B.-J. Li\* — 9007 – 9011

Iridium-Catalyzed Enantioselective Hydroalkynylation of Enamides for the Synthesis of Homopropargyl Amides

Front Cover



**Just a splash:** Addition of a small amount of water to an ionic liquid/acetonitrile electrolyte mixture enhanced the efficiency of the electrochemical reduction of  $\text{CO}_2$  into formic acid significantly using

a Pb or Sn electrode. The partial current density for  $\text{HCOOH}$  was as high as  $37.6 \text{ mA cm}^{-2}$  at a Faradaic efficiency of 91.6%.

### Carbon Dioxide Reduction

Q. G. Zhu, J. Ma, X. C. Kang, X. F. Sun, H. Z. Liu, J. Y. Hu, Z. M. Liu, B. X. Han\* — 9012 – 9016

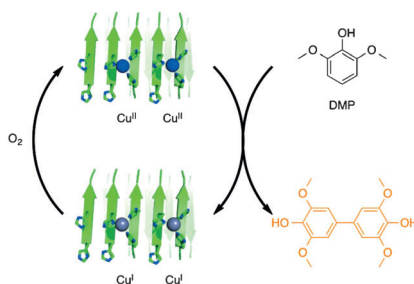
Efficient Reduction of  $\text{CO}_2$  into Formic Acid on a Lead or Tin Electrode using an Ionic Liquid Catholyte Mixture

**Synthetic Biology**

O. V. Makhlynets, P. M. Gosavi,  
I. V. Korendovych\* — 9017 – 9020



Short Self-Assembling Peptides Are Able  
to Bind to Copper and Activate Oxygen



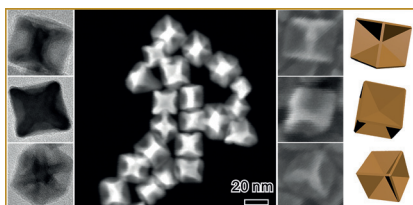
**Let's get together:** De novo designed peptides were developed that self-assemble in the presence of copper to create supramolecular assemblies that catalyze the oxidation of dimethoxyphenol in the presence of dioxygen. Formation of the supramolecular assembly, which is akin to a protein fold, is critical for productive catalysis since peptides possessing the same functional groups but lacking the ability to self-assemble do not catalyze substrate oxidation.

**Nanocrystals**

Q. Chen, Y. Yang, Z. Cao, Q. Kuang,\*  
G. Du, Y. Jiang, Z. Xie,\*  
L. Zheng — 9021 – 9025



Excavated Cubic Platinum–Tin Alloy  
Nanocrystals Constructed from Ultrathin  
Nanosheets with Enhanced  
Electrocatalytic Activity



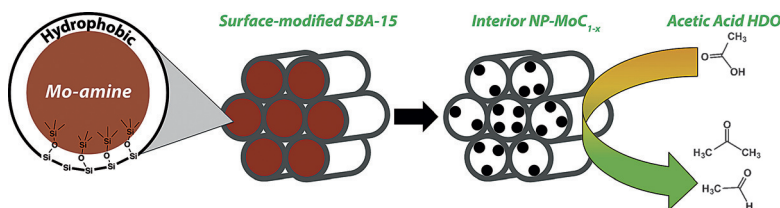
**Excavated** cubic Pt–Sn alloy nanocrystals with {110} facets were constructed by the assembly of ultrathin nanosheets by co-reduction in the presence of a surfactant. These nanocrystals have a very high surface area and displayed superior electrocatalytic activity towards methanol oxidation.

**Nanocomposite Catalysts**

F. G. Baddour, C. P. Nash, J. A. Schaidle,\*  
D. A. Ruddy\* — 9026 – 9029



Synthesis of  $\alpha$ - $\text{MoC}_{1-x}$  Nanoparticles with  
a Surface-Modified SBA-15 Hard  
Template: Determination of Structure–  
Function Relationships in Acetic Acid  
Deoxygenation



**A molybdenum-carbide** and SBA-15 silica nanocomposite catalyst: A synthetic route was developed for direct growth of isolated  $\alpha$ - $\text{MoC}_{1-x}$  nanoparticles in the pores of surface-modified SBA-15 silica. Compared to bulk carbides, the

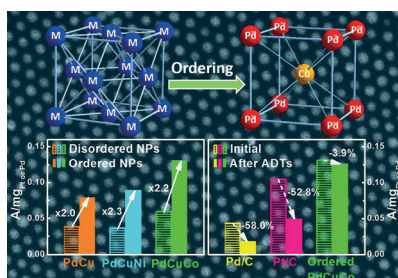
bifunctional nanocatalysts exhibit a greater acid-site:H-site ratio and a fraction of stronger acid sites, which influence catalytic selectivity during acetic acid hydrodeoxygenation.

**Ordered Nanoparticles**

K. Jiang, P. Wang, S. Guo,\* X. Zhang,  
X. Shen, G. Lu, D. Su,  
X. Huang\* — 9030 – 9035

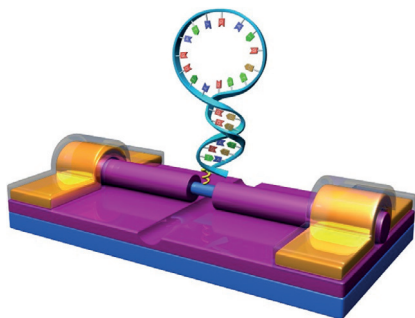


Ordered PdCu-Based Nanoparticles as  
Bifunctional Oxygen-Reduction and  
Ethanol-Oxidation Electrocatalysts



**Non-platinum electrocatalysts** for fuel-cell reactions, composed of ordered intermetallic PdCuM nanoparticles (NPs; M = Ni or Co), have been synthesized. These ordered PdCuM NPs are generally much more active and stable than the conventional disordered counterparts and also the commercial Pt/C and Pd/C catalysts, towards both the ethanol-oxidation and oxygen-reduction reactions (ADTs = accelerated durability tests).



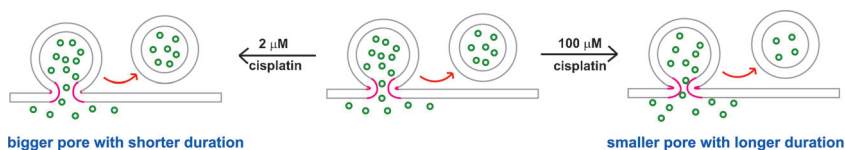


By using an electronic circuit on decorated silicon nanowires, the folding/unfolding process of individual hairpin DNAs were recorded. These measurements revealed current oscillations with strong temperature dependence, allowing determination of the thermodynamic and kinetic properties of hairpin DNA hybridization and the generation of a single-base pair kinetic zipper model for DNA hybridization.

### Single-Molecule Detection

G. He, J. Li, H. Ci, C. Qi,\*  
X. Guo\* ————— 9036 – 9040

Direct Measurement of Single-Molecule DNA Hybridization Dynamics with Single-Base Resolution



The pretreatment of PC12 cells with cisplatin influences the exocytotic ability of the cells in a dose-dependent manner. Single-cell amperometry experiments

show that low concentrations of cisplatin stimulate catecholamine release whereas high concentrations inhibit this process.

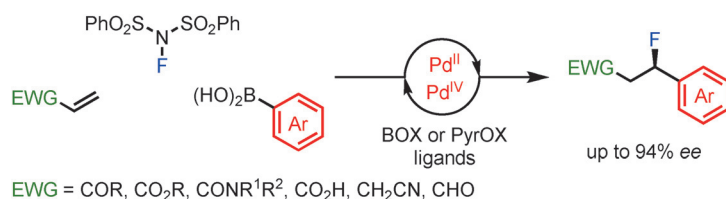
### Amperometry

X. Li, J. Dunevall,  
A. G. Ewing\* ————— 9041 – 9044

Using Single-Cell Amperometry To Reveal How Cisplatin Treatment Modulates the Release of Catecholamine Transmitters during Exocytosis



Back Cover



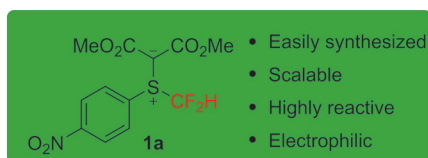
**Box in:** A modular and step-economical method for the direct β,β-fluoroarylation of conjugated carbonyl derivatives is reported. This approach provides access

to a range of enantioenriched β-fluorinated carbonyl derivatives in good yields. BOX = bis(oxazoline), PyrOX = pyridine oxazoline.

### Synthetic Methods

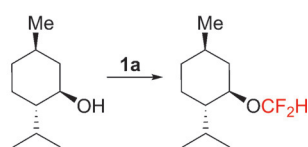
J. Miró, C. del Pozo,\* F. D. Toste,\*  
S. Fustero\* ————— 9045 – 9049

Enantioselective Palladium-Catalyzed Oxidative β,β-Fluoroarylation of α,β-Unsaturated Carbonyl Derivatives



A general method for the formation alkyl difluoromethylethers from the reaction of an alcohol with an electrophilic difluoro-

methylation reagent (**1a**) is reported. The reaction conditions are mild and a variety of functional groups are compatible.



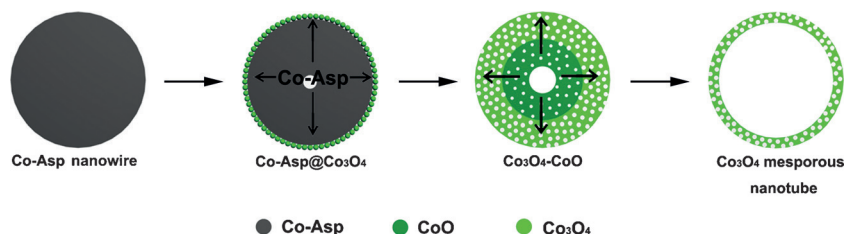
### Synthetic Methods

J. Zhu, Y. Liu, Q. Shen\* — 9050 – 9054

Direct Difluoromethylation of Alcohols with an Electrophilic Difluoromethylated Sulfonium Ylide



## Inorganic Nanotubes

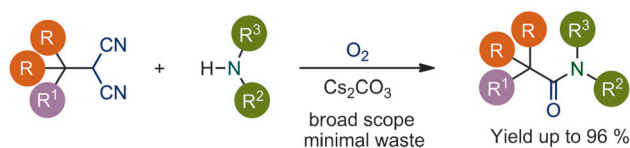
H. Wang, S. Zhuo, Y. Liang, X. Han,  
B. Zhang\* 9055–9059General Self-Template Synthesis of  
Transition-Metal Oxide and Chalcogenide  
Mesoporous Nanotubes with Enhanced  
Electrochemical Performances

**Down to the wire:** A facile thermal oxidation-induced transformation using cheap metal–organic coordination nano-wires as starting precursors is the basis of the synthesis of inorganic nanotubes with

open-ended channels and mesoporous walls. The nanotubes exhibit excellent performances in the electrocatalytic oxygen evolution reaction and for rechargeable lithium-ion batteries.

## Amides

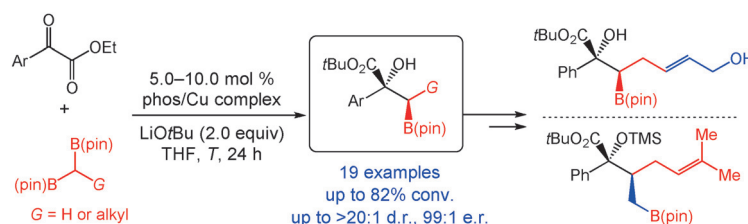
J. Li, M. J. Lear,\* Y. Hayashi\* 9060–9064

Sterically Demanding Oxidative  
Amidation of  $\alpha$ -Substituted  
Malononitriles with Amines Using O<sub>2</sub>

**Mix and stir:** With just O<sub>2</sub> and base, the direct coupling of readily available malononitriles and amines provides an efficient way to make sterically hindered

amides. A radical mechanism involving dioxirane intermediates is proposed, and is supported by cyclopropane-based radical-clock experiments.

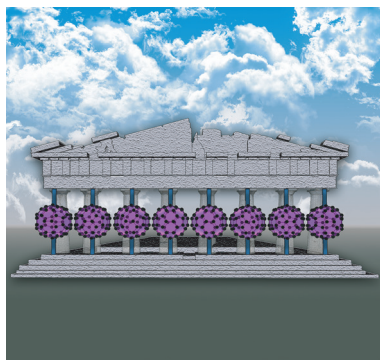
## Enantioselectivity

S. A. Murray, J. C. Green, S. B. Taylor,  
S. J. Meek\* 9065–9069Enantio- and Diastereoselective  
1,2-Additions to  $\alpha$ -Ketoesters with  
Diboryl methane and Substituted  
1,1-Diborylalkanes

**Catalytic enantioselective** synthesis of boronate-substituted tertiary alcohols is possible through the title reaction. The reactions are catalyzed by chiral phosphine/copper(I) complexes and produce  $\beta$ -hydroxyboronates containing up to two

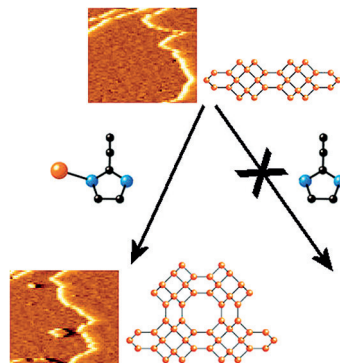
contiguous stereogenic centers. The utility of the organoboron products is demonstrated through several chemoselective functionalizations. pin = pinacolato, TMS = trimethylsilyl.

## Metal–Organic Frameworks

D. E. Williams, E. A. Dolgoplova,  
D. C. Godfrey, E. D. Ermolaeva,  
P. J. Pellechia, A. B. Greytak, M. D. Smith,  
S. M. Avdoshenko, A. A. Popov,\*  
N. B. Shustova\* 9070–9074Fullerene Well-Defined Scaffolds: Donor–  
Fullerene Alignment Through Metal  
Coordination and Its Effect on  
Photophysics

**Photophysics:** In a crystalline metal–donor–fullerene framework the donor–fullerene mutual orientation is controlled through metal coordination. Because of ultrafast energy and electron transfer, fullerene materials will contribute not only to the basic science of fullerene chemistry, but also be used for developments in photovoltaics and molecular electronics.

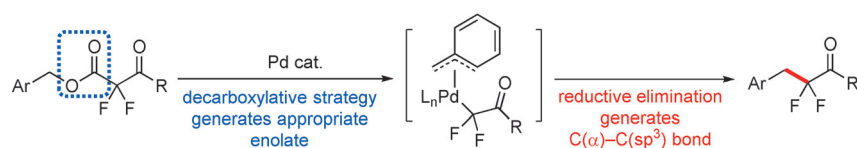
**Growth agents:** Through the combined use of in situ atomic force microscopy and mass spectrometry, several preformed cadmium-containing species that are present in the growth solution of the cadmium 2-ethylimidazolate metal–organic framework CdIF-4 were identified. Their presence was shown to be critical for surface nucleation.



### Crystal Growth

R. Wagia, I. Strashnov, M. W. Anderson, M. P. Attfield\* 9075–9079

Determination of the Preassembled Nucleating Units That Are Critical for the Crystal Growth of the Metal–Organic Framework CdIF-4



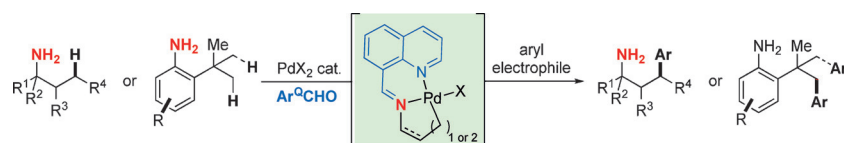
**Alkylation reactions** of  $\alpha,\alpha$ -difluoroketone enolates with  $sp^3$ -based electrophiles have been underdeveloped because of intrinsically weak nucleophilicity and chemoselective formation associated with this enolate. Reported herein is a palladium-

catalyzed decarboxylative benzylation of  $\alpha,\alpha$ -difluoroketone enolates, in which the external  $\alpha,\alpha$ -difluoroenolate, formed in situ, underwent reductive elimination from a palladium(II) intermediate to generate the key  $C(\alpha)-C(sp^3)$  bond.

### Synthetic Methods

M.-H. Yang, J. R. Hunt, N. Sharifi, R. A. Altman\* 9080–9083

Palladium Catalysis Enables Benzylation of  $\alpha,\alpha$ -Difluoroketone Enolates



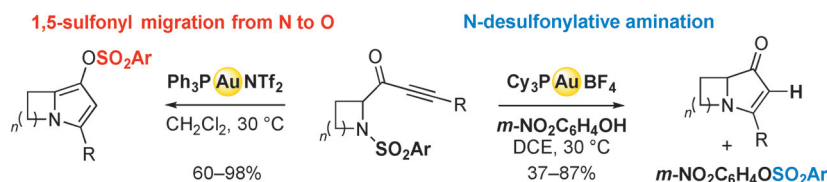
**The direct arylation** of unactivated aliphatic C–H bonds in free primary amines was achieved by using an *exo*-imine-type directing group (DG) that can be generated and removed in situ. Both primary

aliphatic amines and anilines are suitable substrates, and methyl as well as cyclic and acyclic methylene groups smoothly underwent site-selective arylation.

### C–H Activation

Y. Xu, M. C. Young, C. Wang, D. M. Magness, G. Dong\* 9084–9087

Catalytic  $C(sp^3)$ –H Arylation of Free Primary Amines with an *exo* Directing Group Generated In Situ



**Worth their weight in gold:** The great value of sulfonamides in gold catalysis is highlighted by two hydroamination reactions that occur by migration or cleavage of sulfonyl group (see scheme). These unprecedented gold-promoted sulfonyl-

transfer reactions open the way to appealing synthetic applications of these robust nitrogen-protecting groups, as demonstrated by the formation of versatile azabicycles.

### Heterocycle Synthesis

S. Miaskiewicz, B. Gaillard, N. Kern, J.-M. Weibel, P. Pale,\* A. Blanc\* 9088–9092

Gold(I)-Catalyzed N-Desulfonylative Amination versus N-to-O 1,5-Sulfonyl Migration: A Versatile Approach to 1-Azabicycloalkanes



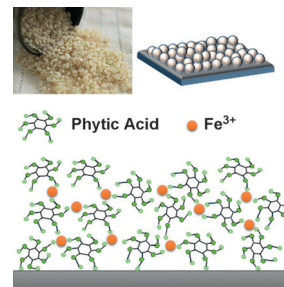
## Superhydrophilic Surfaces

L. Li, G. Zhang, Z. Su\* — 9093–9096



One-Step Assembly of Phytic Acid Metal Complexes for Superhydrophilic Coatings

**Wet, wet, wet:** Natural phytic acid reacts with  $\text{Fe}^{\text{III}}$  ions to produce rough coatings of coordination complexes in one step to make a variety of substrates superhydrophilic. Coating deposition occurs in minutes. The coatings are ultrathin, colorless, transparent, and suitable for a range of applications, such as oil/water separation and antifogging.



Supporting information is available on [www.angewandte.org](http://www.angewandte.org) (see article for access details).



A video clip is available as Supporting Information on [www.angewandte.org](http://www.angewandte.org) (see article for access details).



This article is available online free of charge (Open Access).



This article is accompanied by a cover picture (front or back cover, and inside or outside).

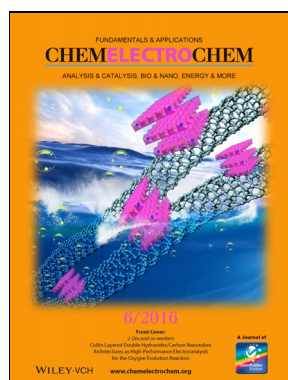
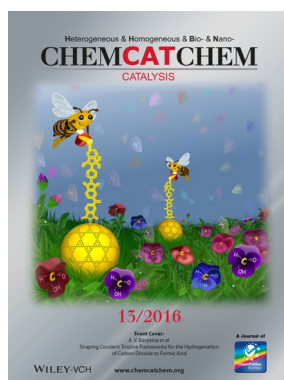
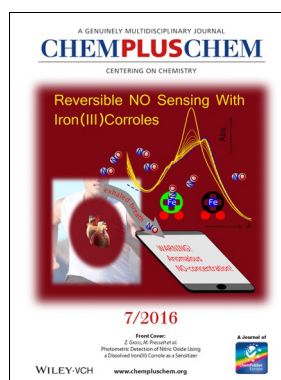


The Very Important Papers, marked VIP, have been rated unanimously as very important by the referees.



The Hot Papers are articles that the Editors have chosen on the basis of the referee reports to be of particular importance for an intensely studied area of research.

## Check out these journals:

[www.chemelectrochem.org](http://www.chemelectrochem.org)[www.chemcatchem.org](http://www.chemcatchem.org)[www.chempluschem.org](http://www.chempluschem.org)[www.chemviews.org](http://www.chemviews.org)